

Visualizing Your Key for Secure Phone Calls and Language Independence

Michael Oehler, Dhananjay Phatak, John Krautheim
University of Maryland Baltimore County
Baltimore, Maryland USA

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Objective

- Problem Area
- Approach
- Discussion

Problem Area

- Providing Security for Internet Protocols
 - Internet Phone Calls
 - Voice Over IP (VoIP) Security
 - SIP, SDP, RTP, DNS
 - Other secure voice/video systems
- Involve the user in the “security process”

Problem Area

- Passive
 - Eavesdropping
- Active Attacks
 - Flooding, VoIP Spam, Call Hijacking
 - **MITM**
- Implementation and Configuration Errors
 - Intentional and Unintentional
 - Leads to VoIP specific attacks

Problem Area

- To protect the media, the call requires
 - Confidentiality
 - Key negotiation
 - » **Authentication**



Alice



Mallory



Bob

Problem Area

- Security as seen by the user

- SSH

- First Time: Blindly accept?

```
unix:~/.ssh mjo$ ssh -l mjo 192.168.1.3  
The authenticity of host '192.168.1.3 (192.168.1.3)' can't be established.  
RSA key fingerprint is 17:5e:bf:af:ce:44:d3:67:d9:f7:90:b0:55:fa:98:27.  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting
```

Yes/No?

- Web of Trust

- HTTPS

- PKI



Approach

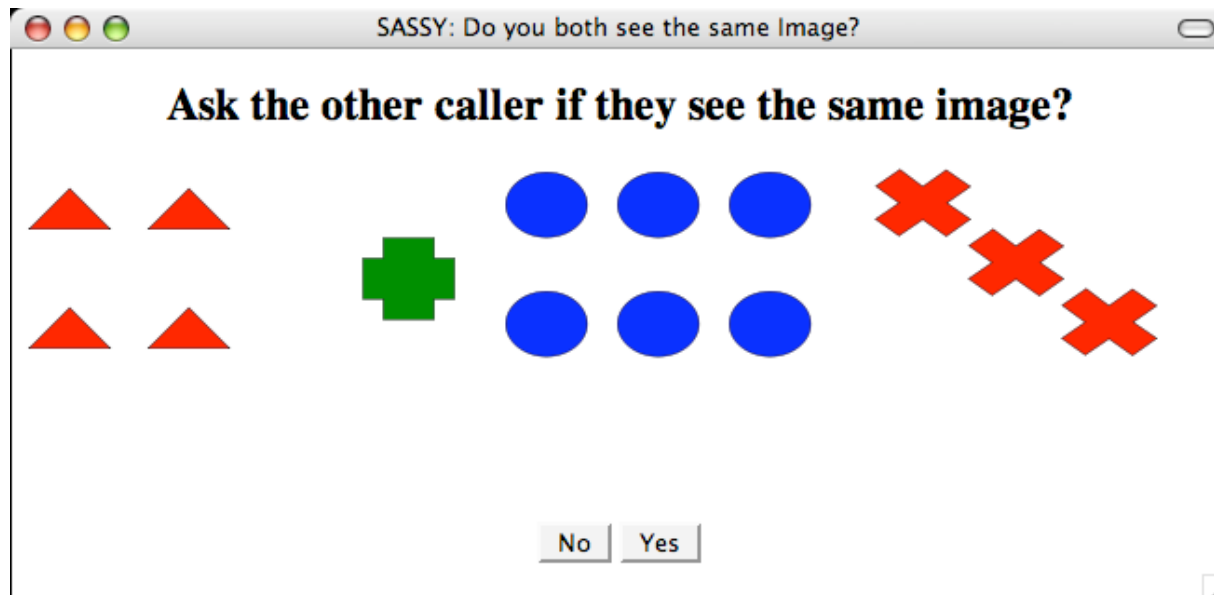
- How to Engage the user in security process?
 - Effective Mechanism
 - Based strong cryptography
 - Simple Mechanism
 - Without intricate knowledge of cryptography
 - Useful to all

Approach

- Securely derive a session key
 - Utilize a Key Management Protocol
- Derive visual encoding of the Secret key
 - Present an image on both systems
- The users then verbally confirm what they see
 - You recognize the caller's voice
 - You trust the caller

Approach

- Present a visual interface component
 - Basic geometric shapes, color, and count

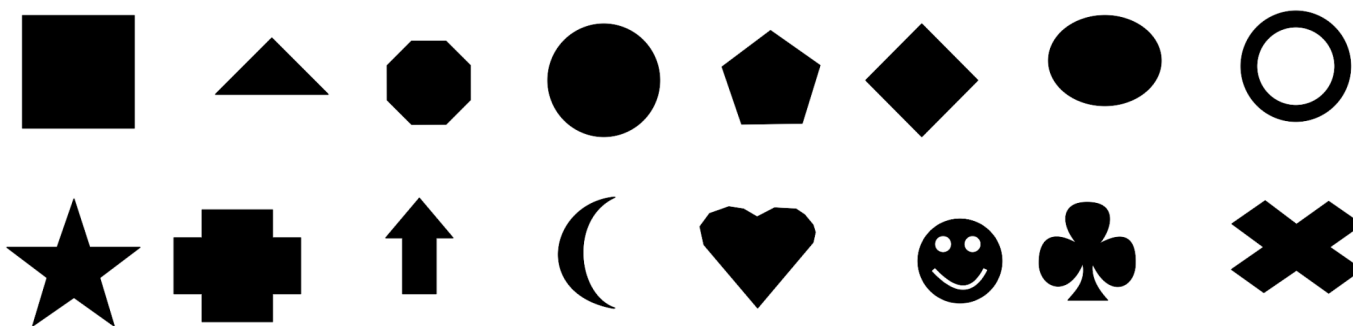


Approach

- Easily Identifiable
 - Color, count, and shape
- Independent of Language
- Lightweight Security Mechanism
- Applicable for caller's social network
 - Friends, family, colleagues

Approach

- 2 Sets of shapes, 4 Colors, 8 Arrangements



- Glyph for every byte

Discussion

- Side Channel Authentication
 - A mechanism and/or medium providing Authentication
 - That is not readily accessible to the adversary
 - And thus, not easily forged.
 - Mechanism
 - Art → PKI Certificate Representation,
 - Bar Code → Public Key
 - 3-Dimension Scene → Internet Transaction
 - Medium:
 - Visual, audio, Out-of-Band data network

Discussion

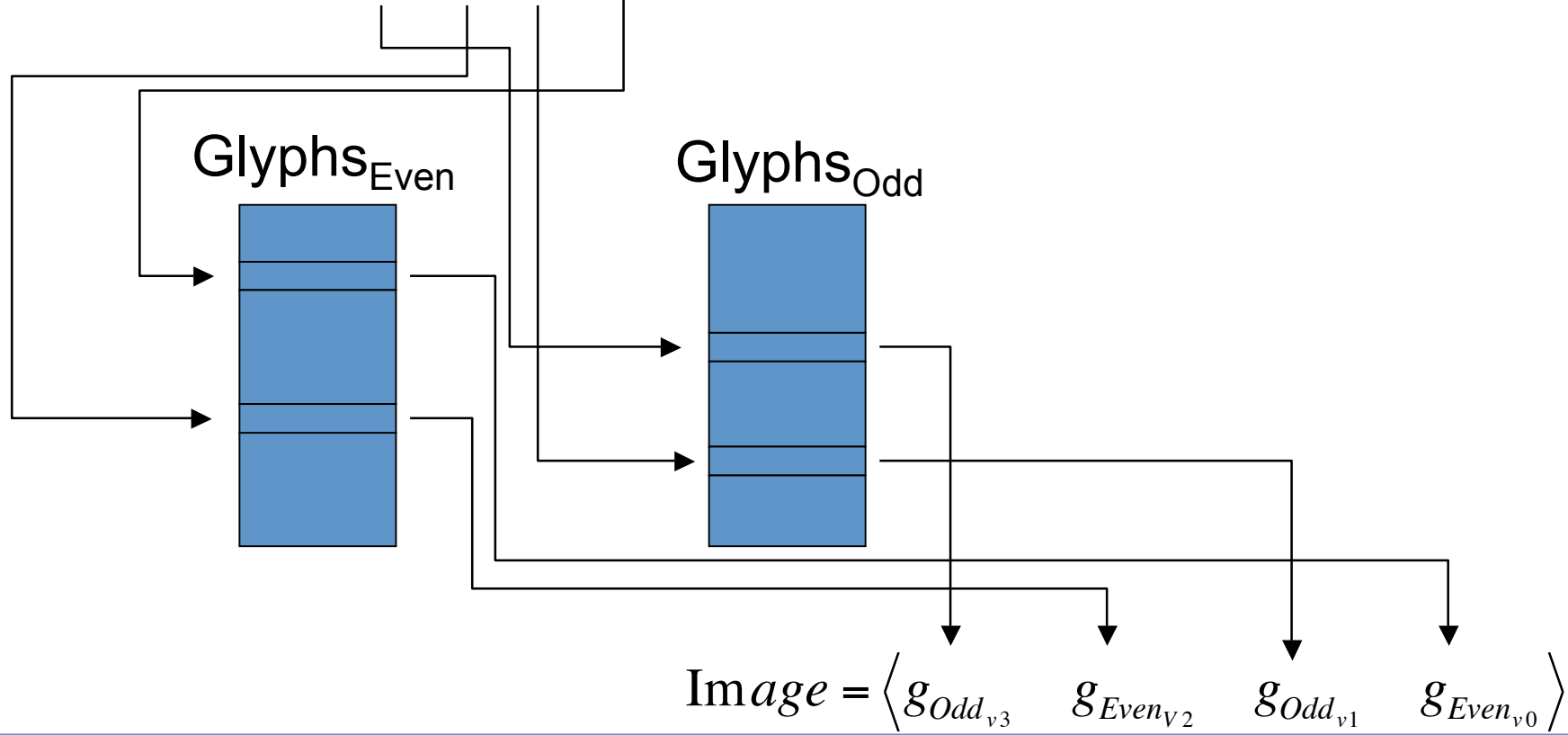
- AT&T TSD 3600, 1993
 - Read some bytes
- PGPfone, 1996
- ZRTP, 2010
 - Phil Zimmermann Real Time Protocol
 - “Short Authentication String”
 - English Only
- **Engage all users!**
 - **Leverage visualization**



Discussion

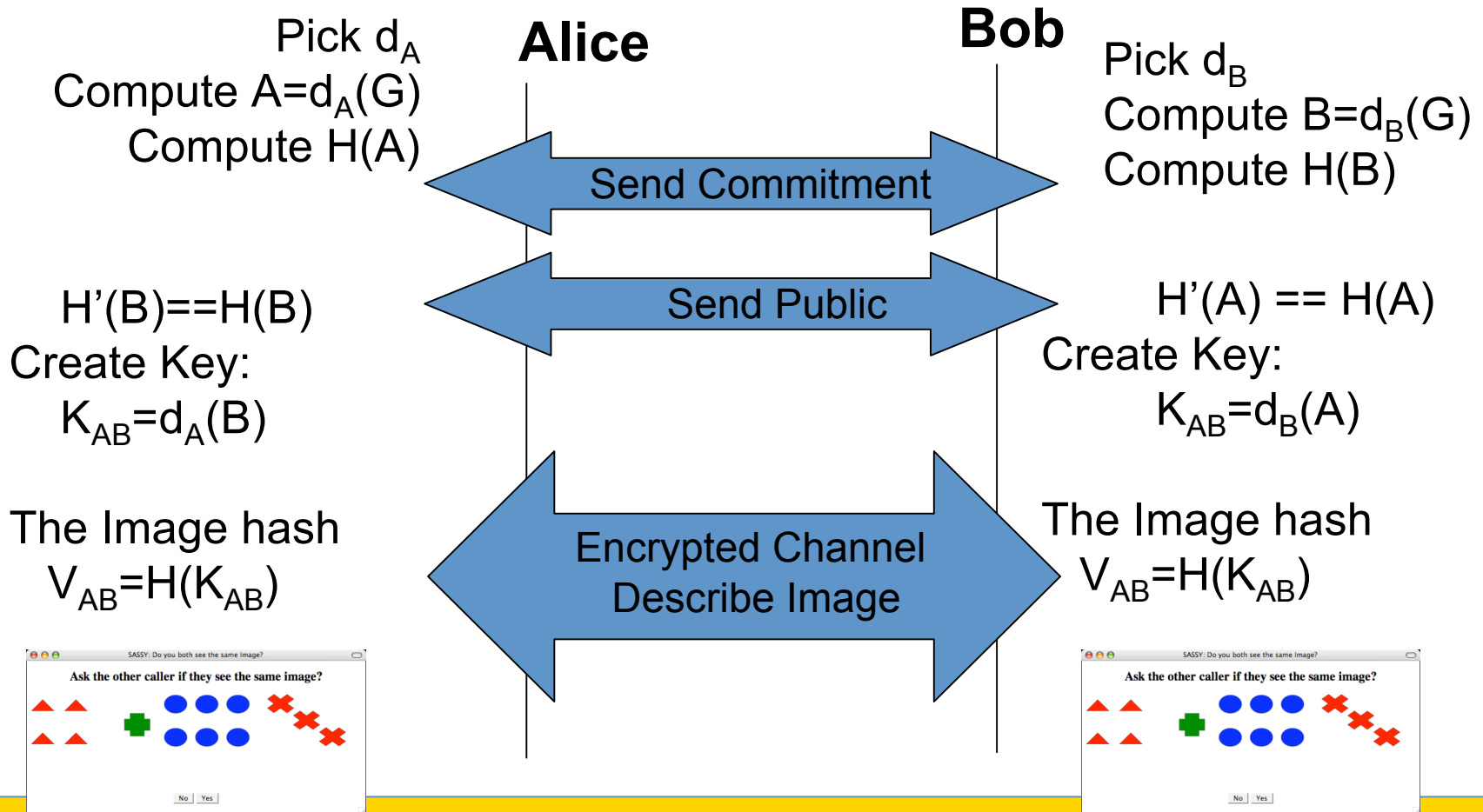
Select Glyph from Alternate Sets

$$\text{SHA}(\text{key}) = \langle v_n, \dots, v_3, v_2, v_1, v_0 \rangle$$



$$\text{Image} = \langle g_{\text{Odd}_{v_3}} \quad g_{\text{Even}_{v_2}} \quad g_{\text{Odd}_{v_1}} \quad g_{\text{Even}_{v_0}} \rangle$$

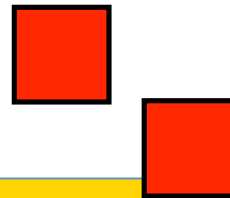
Discussion



Discussion

- Prototype
 - Scalable Vector Graphic (SVG)
 - Represent all combinations of images
 - Small Footprint

```
<desc>Two Red Square</desc>
<g transform="translate(16,8)">
<svg width="56px" height="56px">
<rect x='10' y='10' width='200' height='200' fill='Red' stroke='black' stroke-width='2' />
</svg>
</g>
...
```



Discussion

- Observations
 - People “Get It”
 - Saw the rouse
 - Will they use?
 - Color Blind.

Thanks

- Michael.oehler@umbc.edu

