

Visualizing Attack Graphs, Reachability, and Trust Relationships with NAVIGATOR*

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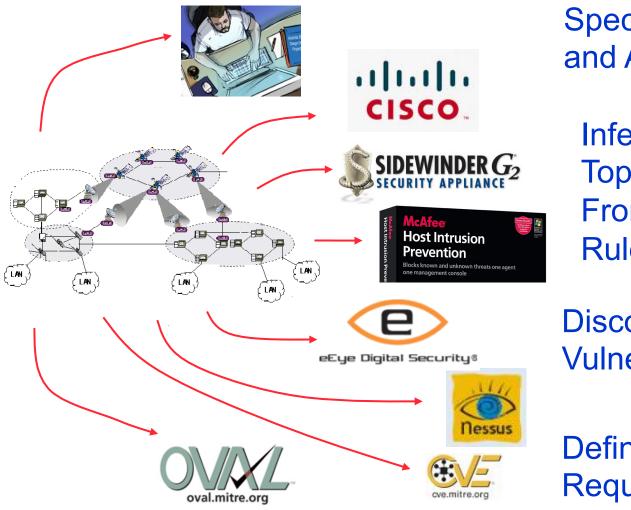
14 September 2010

MIT Lincoln Laboratory

*This work is sponsored by the United States Air Force under Air Force Contract
 FA8721-05-C-0002. Opinions, interpretations, conclusions and recommendations are those of the authors and are not necessarily endorsed by the United States Government



A Defender's Primary Advantage is Detailed Network Knowledge – This Needs to Be Used Effectively!



Specify Asset Values and Adversary

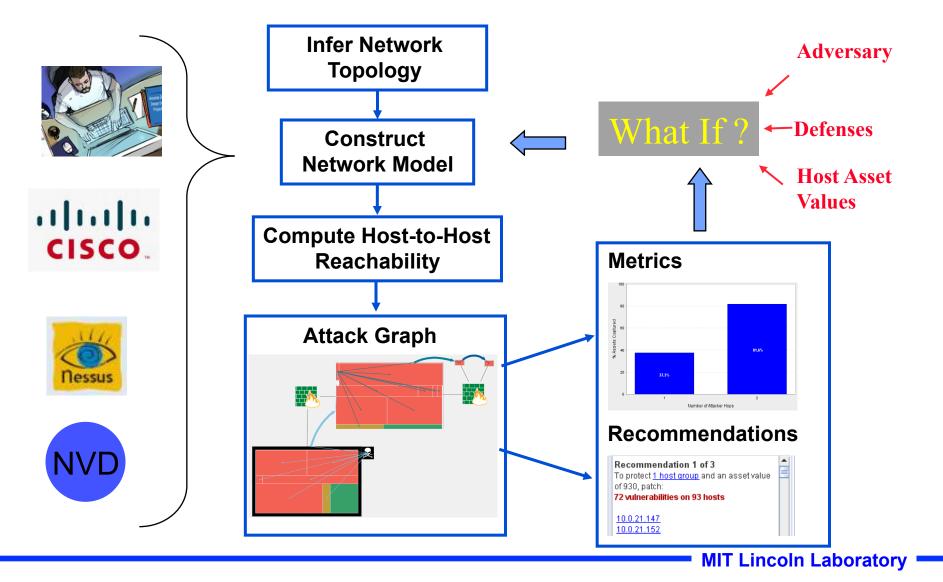
Infer Network Topology From Infrastructure Rules

Discover Vulnerabilities

Define Vulnerability Requirements/Effects

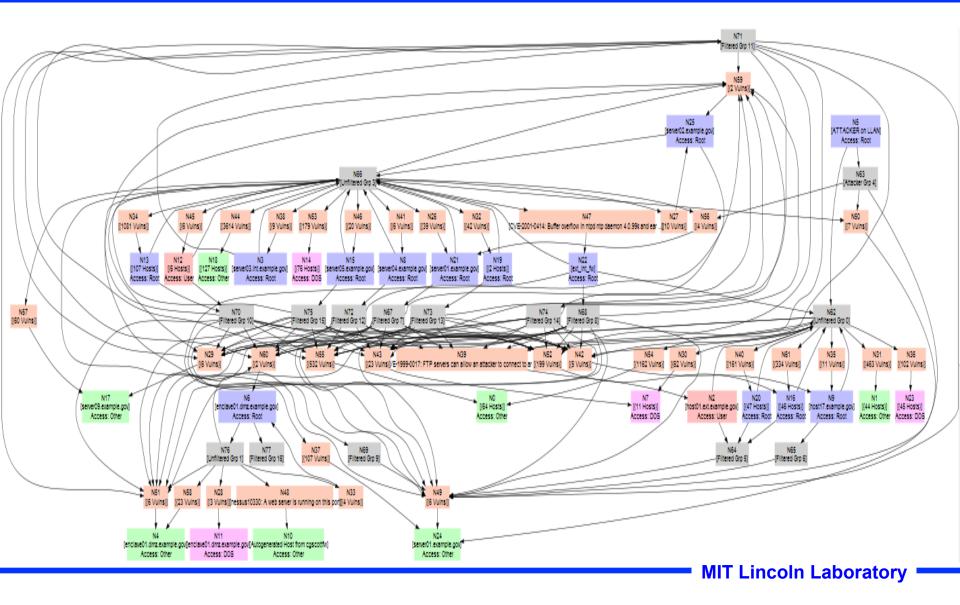


A Tool Named NetSPA Integrates This Data and Supports "What If" Experiments





Attack Graphs Can Be Difficult to Understand



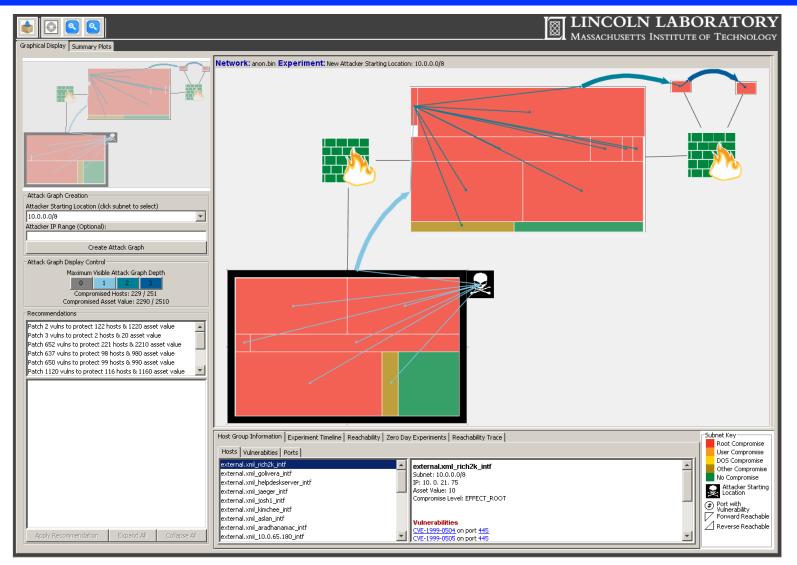




- Many of its key features have been kept intact
 - Ability to perform "What-If" experiments
 - Network level metrics
- Major shortcomings have been addressed



NAVIGATOR





Outline

Introduction



➡ New Features

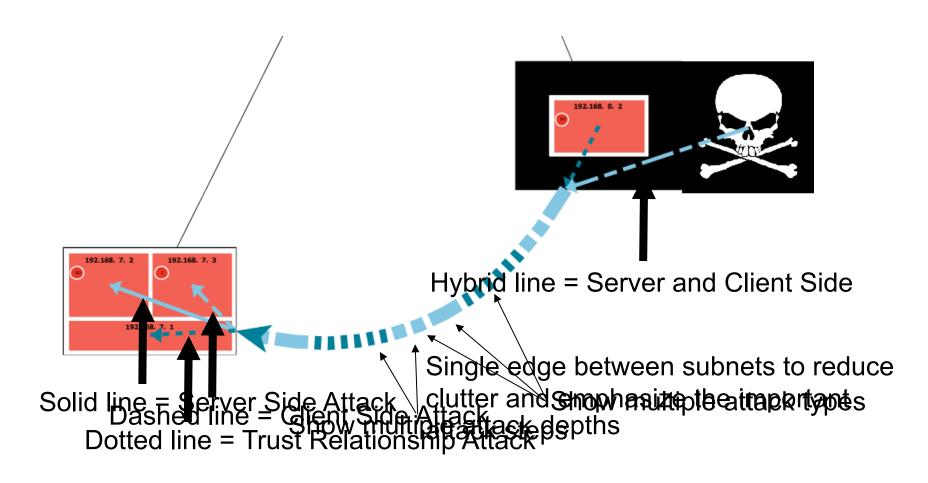
- Client side vulnerabilities and trust relationships
- Network infrastructure
- Host level zooming
- Enhancements
- Conclusion •



- Client-side attacks are an increasingly common attack vector that rely on vulnerable client software connecting to a malicious server
- Attackers also exploit trust relationships, where certain machines are given high level privileges on other machines without passwords or other verification
- Differentiating between server-side, client-side, and trust relationship attacks is important because their respective countermeasures vary greatly

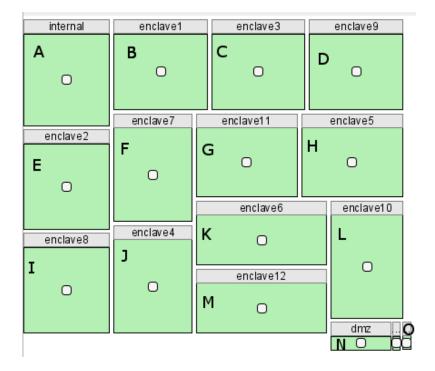


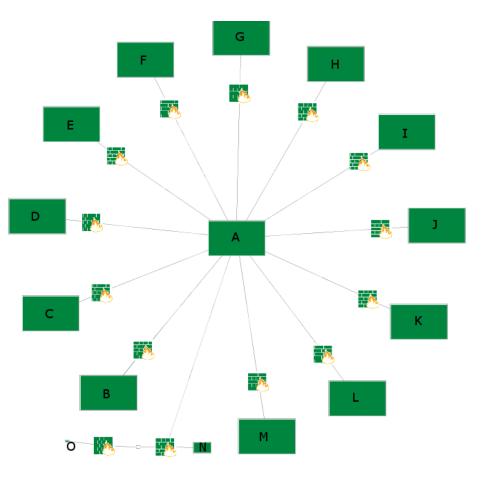
Differentiating Between Attack Types





Show Infrastructure





GARNET's view

NAVIGATOR's view



Allow Zooming to the Host Level





Outline

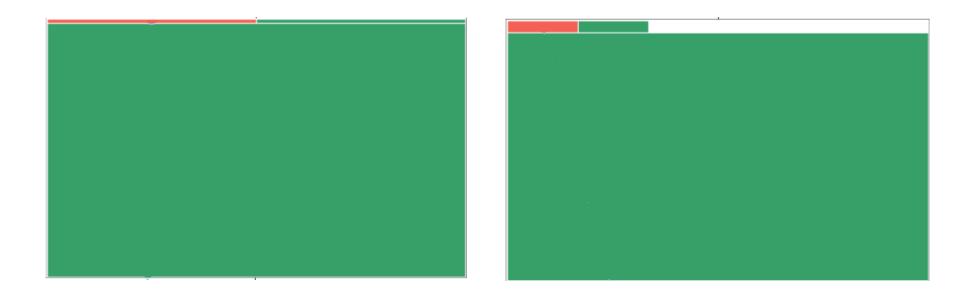
- Introduction
- New Features
- Enhancements
 - Host Group Visualization
 - Reachability
 - Speed
 - Conclusion



- GARNET's method: the strip treemap algorithm
 - Did not take into account asset values
 - Gives no guarantees about aspect ratios
- Criteria for choosing NAVIGATOR's approach
 - Handle multiple asset values
 - Only a small amount of wasted space
 - Rectangular shapes
 - Maintain order



- Guarantees minimum dimension for all rectangles by altering their dimensions when placed
- Cost of this modification is some wasted space

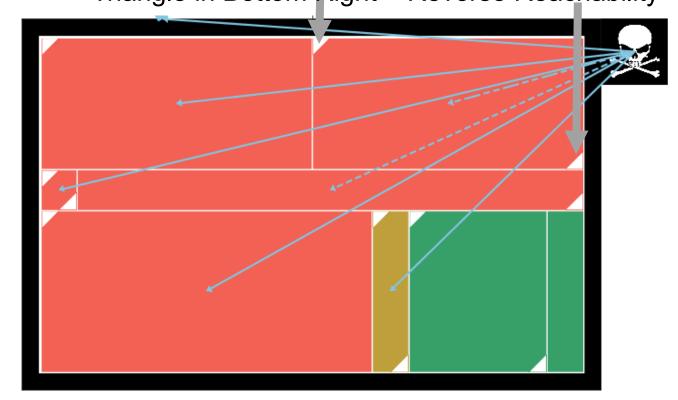




Improved Visualization of Reachability

Triangle in Upper Left = Forward Reachability Triangle in Bottom Right = Reverse Reachability

- Uses symbols instead of arrows to reduce clutter
- Shows
 reachability
 and attack
 graph edges
 at the same
 time to
 identify latent
 threats





- NetSPA is capable of analyzing the large, complex networks often found in the government or large corporations
- Because of preloading, GARNET was slow on some of the more data intensive operations
- NAVIGATOR loads information on demand
 - Engine is often fast enough that user cannot distinguish between preloading and on demand loading
 - For other situations, information is shown as it is calculated
 - On a network of 20,000 hosts spread over 100 subnets, NAVIGATOR loaded in 1 second but GARNET took over 90 seconds
- New backend graph format specifically designed for visualization allows faster analysis



Outline

- Introduction
- New Features
- Enhancements





- NAVIGATOR visualizes attack graphs and network reachability
- First attack graph visualization tool to display effect of client-side, trust-based, and credential-based attacks
- Greatly improves NetSPA's previous GUI, GARNET
 - Displays infrastructure devices
 - Displays host-level data
 - Improved visualization of host groups and reachability
 - Improved overall system speed